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18AE/AS35

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2022 **Mechanics of Fluids**

GBCS SCHEME

Time: 3 hrs.

USN

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

State Newton's law of viscosity and explain about types of fluid based on Newton's law. a.

(06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

- Give reasons for the following : b.
 - i) Rain drops, water droplets and Bubbles are spherical in shape.
 - Viscosity of liquids decreases with increase in temperature by viscosity of gas increases ii) with increase in temperature. (06 Marks)
- If the velocity profile of a fluid over a plate is parabolic C with the vertex 20cm from the C. plate, where the viscosity is 120cm/sec. Calculate the velocity gradient and shear stresses at a distance of 0cm, 10cm and 20cm from the plate. Assume $\mu = 8.5$ poise. (08 Marks)

OR

- Prove that pressure intensity at a point in static fluid is same in all directions. a. (06 Marks)
- Write different types of manometers and explain any two types with neat sketch. (06 Marks) b.
- A triangular plate of base 2m and height 3m which is immersed in water in such a way that C. plan of plate makes an angle of 60° with the free surface of water. Base of plate is parallel to water surface and at a depth of 2.5m from water surface. Find total pressure and position of centre of pressure. (08 Marks)

Module-2

- Explain different types of fluid flow. 3 a.
 - Water flows through a pipe AB of 1.2m in diameter at 3m/s and then passes through a pipe b. BC of 1.5m diameter. At point C, the pipe branches as CD and CE where CD is 0.8m in diameter and carries one - third of the flow in AB. Flow velocity in CE is 2.5m/s. Find the volume rate of flow in AB, velocity in BC, velocity in CD and diameter of CE. (08 Marks) Draw and explain about: i) Source ii) Sink iii) Doublet. (06 Marks) C.

OR

- Define velocity potential and stream function and write its expression for velocity a. components prove that the product of equipotential lines and stream line is (-1). (08 Marks) Derive energy equation in integral form and explain its application. b.
 - (12 Marks)

Module-3

- Derive Euler's equation and using that derive Bernoulli's equation. Also write the a. assumptions made for Bernoulli's equation. (08 Marks)
 - A vertical venturimeter has an area ratio 5. If has a throat diameter of 10cm. When an oil of b. specific gravity 0.8 flows through it, the mercury differential manometer in the differential gauge indicates a height difference of 12cm. Find the discharge through venturimeter if co-efficient of discharge is 0.98. (06 Marks)
 - Explain about pitot-tube and write about different types of arrangements needed for pitotc. tube to measure velocity. (06 Marks)

Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. i

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- Find the expression for ΔP in a pipe which depends on diameter D, length ' ℓ ', velocity V, 6 a. Viscosity μ , density ρ and roughness 'K', using Buckingham's π - theorem. (10 Marks)
 - The pressure drop in an aircraft model of size 1/50 of its prototype is 4N/cm². The model is b. tested in water. Find the corresponding pressure drop in prototype. Take $\rho_{air} = 1.24 \text{kg/m}^3$, $\mu_{water} = 0.01$ Poise, $\mu_{air} = 0.0018$ Poise. (06 Marks) (04 Marks)
 - Write about types of forces acting in a moving fluid. c.

Module-4

- Derive the relation for momentum thickness and energy thickness for boundary layer. 7 a. (08 Marks)
 - b. A kite weighting 7.848N has an area of 0.8m². It is flying in air at an angle of 10° to the horizontal. The string attached to the kite makes an angle of 45° to the horizontal and at this position the value of $C_D = 0.6$ and $C_L = 0.8$. Find the speed of the wind and tension in the (08 Marks) string. (04 Marks)
 - State and explain Kutta Joukowsky theorem. c.

OR

Derive Von-Karman momentum Integral equation. (10 Marks) 8 a. Find the displacement thickness, momentum thickness and energy thickness for the velocity b. distribution in the boundary layer given by

(10 Marks)

Module

- Derive the expression for velocity of sound wave and velocity of sound for adiabatic 9 a. (08 Marks) process.
 - b. Find the Mach number when an aircraft is flying at 1100km/hr through still air having a pressure of 7N/cm² and temperature of -5°C. Calculate the pressure, temperature and density of air at stagnation point on the nose of the point aircraft. Take K = 1.4, (08 Marks) R = 287.14 J/kg-K.
 - c. Draw a normal shock wave and express the property changes before and after the shock. (04 Marks)

OR

- Draw the propagation of pressure waves for different mach numbers and explain about 10 (10 Marks) Mach wave, Mach cone and Mach angle.
 - b. For an adiabatic flow, A gas with a velocity of 300m/s is flowing through a horizontal pipe at a section where pressure is $6 \times 10^4 \text{N/m}^2$ and temperature 40°C. The pipe changes in diameter and at this section pressure is 9×10^4 N/m². Find the velocity of gas at this section. (10 Marks) Take K = 1.4 and R = 287 J/kg-K.

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